### DELAWARE RIVER BASIN UNNAMED TRIBUTARY OF TROUT CREEK PENNSYLVANIA

NDI ID PA 00743

PA DER 45-246

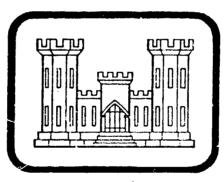


### NORTH ARROWHEAD LAKE DAM

OWNED BY

ALL-AMERICAN REALTY CO., INC.

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM



PACW31-81-0-0016

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY BALTIMORE DISTRICT CORPS OF ENGINEERS

BALTIMORE, MARYLAND

21203



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PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA 19103

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AUGUST 1981



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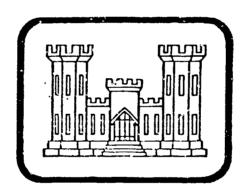
### DELAWARE RIVER BASIN

### NORTH ARROWHEAD LAKE DAM **PENNSYLVANIA**

NDI ID PA 00743

OWNED BY ALL AMERICAN REALITY COMPANY

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM



Prepared for:

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY Baltimore District, Corps of Engineers Baltimore, Maryland 21203

Prepared by:

O'BRIEN & GERE ENGINEERS, INC. 1617 J F Kennedy Boulevard - Suite 1760 Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19103

. August 1981



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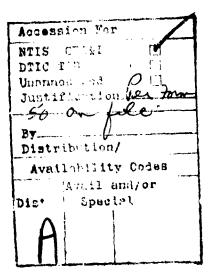
### PREFACE

This report is prepared under guidance contained in the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, for Phase I Investigations. Copies of these guidelines may be obtained from the Office of Chief of Engineers, Washington, D.C. 20314. The purpose of a Phase I investigation is to identify expeditiously those dams which may pose hazards to human life or property. The assessment of the general condition of the dam is based upon available data and visual inspections. Detailed investigations, and analyses involving topographic mapping, subsurface investigations, testing, and detailed computational evaluations are beyond the scope of a Phase I investigation; however, the investigation is intended to identify any need for such studies.

In reviewing this report, it should be realized that the reported condition of the dam is based on observations of field conditions at the time of inspection along with data available to the inspection team. In cases where the reservoir was lowered or drained prior to inspection, such action, while improving the stability and safety of the dam, removes the normal load on the structure and may obscure certain conditions which might otherwise be detectable if inspected under the normal operating environment of the structure.

It is important to note that the condition of a dam depends on numerous and constantly changing internal and external conditions, and is evolutionary in nature. It would be incorrect to assume that the present condition of the dam will continue to represent the condition of the dam at some point in the future. Only through frequent inspections can unsafe conditions be detected, and only through continued care and maintenance can these conditions be prevented or corrected.

Phase I inspections are not intended to provide detailed hydrologic and hydraulic analyses. In accordance with the established Guidelines, the spillway design flood is based on the estimated "Probable Maximum Flood" for the region (greatest reasonably possible storm runoff), or fractions thereof. The spillway design flood provides a measure of relative spillway capacity and serves as an aid in determining the need for more detailed hydrologic and hydraulic studies, considering the size of the dam, its general condition and the downstream damage potential.



### PHASE I REPORT

### NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

Name of Dam:
State:
County:
Stream:
Coordinates:
Date of Inspection:

North Arrowhead Lake Dam Pennsylvania Monroe Unnamed tributary of Trout Creek N 41<sup>o</sup> 09.6' W 75<sup>o</sup> 34.4 April 8, 1981

### **ASSESSMENT**

North Arrowhead Lake Dam is an 11-year old earth embankment which impounds a lake used for recreational purposes. The dam is constructed in two sections: a 1,400-foot long, 21-foot high earth embankment dam with a 60-foot wide concrete Øgee spillway at its eastern abutment, and a 970-foot long, 14-foot high earth embankment levee, located approximately 1,000 feet to the east of the dam. The crest widths average 15 feet and 20 feet for the dam and levee, respectively. With the water surface at spillway crest elevation, North Arrowhead Lake has a surface area of approximately 87 acres. The maximum storage capacity of the impoundment is 942 acre-feet at the low point of the top of the dam. The dam has a concrete intake structure, equipped with stoplogs to control the water level in the impoundment, a 20-inch diameter drain extending under the dam and a gate valve at the discharge end of the drain pipe. An ungated 10-inch diameter standpipe and drain is located at the levee.

North Arrowhead Lake Dam is a "Small" size, "Significant" hazard Dam. The recommended Spillway Design Flood (SDF) for a "Small" size, "Significant" hazard dam ranges from the 100-year flood to one-half of the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF). Because of the extent of the potential hazard area, the selected SDF is one-half of the PMF. The spillway is capable of discharging the SDF without overtopping the low point of the dam. Therefore, the spillway is classified as "Adequate".

Based upon visual inspection of the dam and review of the drawings provided by the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Resources (DER), North Arrowhead Lake Dam is considered to be in poor condition. The observed deficiencies are reflected in the following recommendations and remedial measures and discussed in detail in the appropriate sections of this report.

### Recommendations and Remedial Measures:

The recommendations and remedial measures should be initiated immediately.

### a. Facilities.

The Owner should retain the services of a licensed professional engineer, experienced in the design and construction of dams, to assist in the implementation of the following recommendations:

### NORTH ARROWHEAD LAKE DAM NDI ID PA-00743

- 1. Erosion protection should be installed on the upstream face of the dam, where necessary, to prevent erosion due to wave action. In addition, erosion protection should be provided along the upstream face of the levee, at the outlet of the 20-inch diameter lake drain pipe and on the banks of the spillway discharge channel.
- 2. A means of upstream closure should be provided to facilitate drawdown of the reservoir and to prevent the drain pipe from being subjected to constant hydrostatic pressure. Also, access should be provided to the intake structure located in the reservoir.
- 3. The steep slopes in the vicinity of lake drain outlet pipe and along the spillway discharge channel should be cut back and reseeded to prevent sloughing and erosion.
- 4. The toe drain system should be removed and replaced at the designed elevation to enable it to function properly.
- 5. Deteriorated concrete should be repaired on the outlet headwall for the lake drain pipe.
- 6. Spalled concrete surfaces should be repaired on the Ogee spillway section at its base and its junction with the concrete discharge apron-
- 7. Irregular surfaces on the dam and levee should be regraded and back-filled with suitable compacted material, where necessary.

The Owner should initiate the following remedial measures:

- 1. Small trees and brush on both the dam and the levee, and along the banks of the outlet channels, should be removed. All resulting voids should be backfilled with suitable compacted material.
- 2. The sloughed area on the downstream slope of the levee should be repaired and monitored.
- 3. Animal burrows on the crest of the dam should be backfilled with suitable compacted material.
- 4. A grass cover should be established and maintained on all embankment surfaces of the dam and levee.
- 5. Seepage observed at the downstream toe of the dam should be monitored.

### NOR THE ARROWALAD LAKE DAM. NOLID PA-00743

### Operation and Maintenance Procedures b.

- An operation and maintenance program should be developed and 1. implemented. This program should include periodic operation of outlet works, routine maintenance tasks, and an annual inspection performed by a licensed professional engineer, experienced in the design and construction of dams.
- 2. A monitoring and downstream warning plan should be developed and implemented during periods of extreme rainfall so that downstream residents and the appropriate agencies are notified in case of an impending dam failure.

O'BRIEN & GEKE ENGINEERS, INC. Date: 31 Aug. 1981 JOHN J. WILLIAMS Pennsylvania Registration No. PE 006920E Approved by: ES W. Peck

Jonel, Corps of Engineers

District Engineer



UPSTREAM OVERVIEW FROM THE LEFT ABUTMENT. (4/8/81)



DOWNSTREAM OVERVIEW FROM THE RIGHT SIDE. (4/8/81)

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### PHASE I REPORT

NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM NOR TH ARROWHEAD LAKE DAM NDI ID PA-00743 PA DER 45-246

### SECTION 1

### PROJECT INFORMATION

### 1.1 General

- a. <u>Authority</u>. The Dam Inspection Act, Public Law 92-367, authorized the Secretary of the Army, through the Corps of Engineers, to initiate a program of inspection of dams throughout the United States.
- b. <u>Purpose</u>. The purpose of this inspection is to determine to what extent the North Arrowhead Lake Dam constitutes a hazard to human life and property.
- 1.2 <u>Description of Project</u> (Based upon information obtained from the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Resources (DER), Division of Dam Safety, Harrisburg, PA., from Mr. Leonard Tusar of Monroe Engineering and from the inspection).
- a. Dam and Appurtenances. North Arrowhead Lake Dam is an 11-year old earth embankment, constructed in two sections: one consisting of a 1,400-foot long, 21-foot high earth embankment with a concrete Ogee spillway, and the other consisting of a 970-foot long, 14-foot high levee, located approximately 1,000 feet to the east of the main dam. These embankments impound North Arrowhead Lake with a surface area of 87 acres at the spillway crest elevation. The maximum storage capacity of the impoundment is approximately 942 acre-feet at the low point of the top of the dam elevation. The main dam has an average crest width of 15 feet and an approximate downstream slope of 5H:1V. The upstream slope varies between 3 and 5H:1V and is intermittently covered with random size riprap. The levee has a top width of approximately 20 feet, side slopes averaging 4H:1V and no riprap protection along its upstream face. The main dam is believed to have been constructed with an impervious central core. No information with respect to the construction of the levee is available.

A 60-foot long concrete Ogee spillway is located at the eastern abutment of the main dam. It consists of a 25-foot long concrete approach apron, a concrete Ogee section, and a 25-foot long concrete discharge apron, which is approximately six feet lower than the crest of the Ogee. The spillway has concrete side walls which are approximately six feet higher than the Oyee crest and extend approximately 25 feet upstream and downstream of the overflow weir. As indicated on Sheet 6 of Appendix E, cutoff walls of unspecified dimensions have been provided under both sides of the Ogee section, and a 2.5-foot deep keywall is provided at the

downstream end of the discharge apron. The outlet channel tapers from a base width of 60 feet at the spillway outlet to a base width of 15 feet approximately 80 feet downstream of the spillway. The sides of the outlet channel just downstream of the spillway are approximately 8 feet high, but they get progressively lower as the channel extends downstream. The side slopes are generally 2H:1V and they have no protection against erosion.

A 4-foot square concrete drop gate chamber is located near the center of the dam, approximately 40 feet into the lake from the dam crest. The structure has horizontal stoplogs to control the water level in the lake and a bar screen to prevent floating debris from clogging the outlet pipe. Located at the bottom of the chamber is a 20-inch diameter corrugated steel pipe, encased in concrete, which extends under the dam to an outlet channel. According to plans of the dam, cutoff collars have been provided at 25-foot intervals along the pipe. Located at the end of the outlet pipe is a small concrete headwall and a free-standing 20-inch diameter gate valve.

The outlet works for the levee portion of the dam consist of a 10-inch diameter standpipe, which extends approximately a foot above normal pool elevation, and approximately 350 feet of 10-inch diameter pipe which discharges into a swamp area near Arrowhead Lake. No construction information for this pipe is available.

Four-inch diameter toe drains extend from each side abutment to the outlet channel near the center of the dam. These drains are very shallow and are surrounded by coarse crushed stones. No toe drain system exists at the levee.

- b. Location. North Arrowhead Lake Dam is located on an unnamed tributary of Trout Creek in the Coolbaugh Township, Monroe County, Pennsylvania. To illustrate the location, a portion of the USGS Quadrangle entitled "Thornhurst, PA." has been included as Figure 1 of Appendix E. USGS reference coordinates for this dam are N41 09.6 and W75 34.4.
- c. <u>Size Classification</u>. North Arrowhead Lake Dam has a maximum storage capacity of 942 acre-feet and a maximum height of 20 feet. The dam is therefore classifed as a "Small" size dam (height less than 40 feet and storage less than 1,000 acre feet).
- d. Hazard Classification. A small fire station, located approximately 350 feet downstream of the dam, and 10 houses located along the shores of Arrowhead Lake (El. 1656<sup>-</sup>) constitute the hazard area downstream of North Arrowhead Lake Dam. A failure of the dam could cause appreciable property damage, with the possible loss of a few lives. Therefore, North Arrowhead Lake Dam is classified as a "Significant" hazard structure.
- e. Ownership. The dam is owned by the All-American Realty Co., Inc.; 45 Essex Street; Hackensack, New Jersey; 07601. (Telephone Number: 201-488-6565). Monroe Engineering, Inc., East Stroudsburg, Pa, 18301 represents the Owner. All correspondence should be directed to Leonard Tusar of Monroe Engineering, Inc.

- f. <u>Purpose of the Dam</u>. The dam was constructed to provide a lake for recreational use. The lake is currently being used for this purpose.
- g. Design and Construction History. North Arrowhead Lake Dam was designed by Monroe Engineering, Inc., of East Stroudsburg, Pennsylvania, and constructed in 1970 by George H. Litts, Inc., of Marshalls Creek, Pennsylvania. The dam was constructed without first obtaining a permit from the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Resources (DER). Consequently, the Owner was required to have several borings and a few test pits dug in order to verify that satisfactory construction was achieved. Geo-Surveys of Camp-Hill, Pennsylvania, performed the necessary subsurface investigations. Since the dam was originally constructed, riprap has been added along the upstream face of the dam (1972).
- h. Normal Operating Procedures. The reservoir surface is normally maintained at the spillway crest Elevation 1668. Drawdown of the lake may be accomplished by removing stoplogs and by opening the gate valve at the outlet of the 20-inch diameter drain pipe.

### 1.3 Pertinent Data

a. Drainage Area.

Square Miles	1.0

b. <u>Discharge at Dam Site</u> (cfs).

Spillway (water surface at top of dam low point, El. 1672.8)	2,210
Spillway (water surface at top of dam design elevation, El. 1674)	3,086
Outlet Works (water surface at normal pool, El. 1668)	33

c. Elevation (MSL).

Top of Dam (Design)	1,674.0
Top of Dam (Low Point)	1,672.8
Spillway Crest	1,668.0
Outlet Works (Inlet Invert)	1,654.0
Outlet Works (Outlet Invert)	1,653.0
Streambed at Toe of Dam	1,653.0

d. Reservoir Length (feet).

Normal Pool, Elev. 1,668.0	3,200
Maximum Non-overtopping Pool, El. 1672.8	3,400

e. Storage (Acre-Feet).

Normal Fool, El. 1668	433
Top of Dam (Low Point), El. 1672.8	942
Top of Dam (Design), El. 1674	1,075

### f. Reservoir Surface Area (Acres).

Normal Pool, El. 1668	87
Top of Dam (L'ow Point), El. 1672.8	127
Top of Dam (Design), El. 1674	133

### g. Dam Data.

### 1. Main Dam

Type	Earth Embankment
Length	1,400 Feet
Height to Low Point of Da	im 20 Feet
Crest Width	15 Feet
Side Slopes (Upstream)	3 to 5H:1V
(Downstream)	Averages 5H:1V
Zoning	Random Material - Finest Material Nearest
-	Impervious Core
Impervious Core	Impervious earth core shown on drawings
Cutoff	Cutoff Trench
Grout Curtain	None

### 2. Levee

Туре	Earth Embankment
Length	970 Feet
Height to Low Point of Da	am 13 Feet
Crest Width	20 Feet
Side Slopes	Average 4H:1V Upstream and Downstream
Zoning	Unknown
Impervious Core	Unknown
Cutoff	Unknown
Grout Curtain	Unknawn

### h. Spillway. (Main Dam)

Concrete Ogee Overflow Type Length of Weir 60 Feet 1668.0 Feet Crest Elevation None at Spillway Gates 25-foot long concrete approach apron Upstream Channel 25-foot long concrete discharge apron to Downstream Channel earth channel with 15-foot base width, 2H:1V side slopes and sides of varying height. Channel length is approximately 650 feet to twin 36-inch diameter CMP's under Lake Shore Drive. Slope averages 0.8 percent.

### **SECTION 2**

### ENGINEERING DATA

### 2.1 Design

- e. <u>Data Available</u>. The following information was provided by the Pennsylvania DER in Harrisburg, Pennsylvania:
  - 1. Design Drawings for North Arrowhead Lake Dam:
    - a. Location Plan
    - b. General Plan
    - c. Embankment Sections Longitudinal
    - d. Embankment Cross Sections
    - e. Spillway Plan & Details
    - f. Embankment Drop Gate, Sections & Details
  - 2. Miscellaneous correspondence, memoranda, etc.
- b. <u>Design Features</u>. The design features are described in Section 1.2a and shown on the design drawings included in Appendix E. It should be cautioned, however, that the actual construction does not correlate very well with the design drawings. (See Section 2.2 below).

### 2.2 Construction

The North Arrowhead Lake Dam and Levee appear to have been constructed to the general dimensions and with most of the features indicated on the Design Drawings. From visual inspection, however, the following discrepancies were noted:

- a. The toe drain system illustrated on the drawings indicates that the drain pipe was to be installed a minimum of four feet deep. As illustrated on Photos 10 and 11 of Appendix C, the pipe is at or just below the ground surface.
- b. Riprap was to have been installed along the upstream face of the dam (including two feet of the dam crest), along the first 120 feet of the low level nutlet channel, and along the first 120 feet of the spillway outlet channel. At the time of inspection, riprap had been installed intermittently along the upstream face of the dam and no riprap was in evidence on the spillway outlet channel or the low level outlet channel. No riprap protection has been provided at the levee.
- c. A 20-inch diameter gate valve is located at the outlet end of the low level outlet, as illustrated on Photos 7 of Appendix C. The design drawings indicate the low level outlet was to have free discharge with control provided at the intake structure.

- d. The slope of the downstream faces of the dam and the levee were found to be approximately 5H:1V and 4H:1V, respectively. According to the drawings, a slope of 2 to 3H:1V was designed.
- e. The length of the low level outlet indicated on the drawings appears to be much longer than that actually constructed. Consequently, the downstream slope of the embankment in the vicinity of the low level outlet headwall is approximately 1.5H:1V.

### 2.3 Operation

According to the Owner's representative, the outlet works have not been operated since the dam was constructed in 1970. Operation would consist of opening the 20-inch diameter gate valve and removing stoplogs from the intake structure. No means of draining the reservoir exists without first removing the stoplogs manually.

### 2.4 Evaluation

- a. Availability. The engineering data presented in this report were provided by the Pennsylvania DER. Drawings may also be obtained from Monroe Engineering in East Stroudsburg, Pennsylvania.
- b. Adequacy. The information provided by the Pennsylvania DER and Monroe Engineering, along with information obtained during the visual inspection, has been adequate for a Phase I evaluation of North Arrowhead Lake Dam.
- c. <u>Validity</u>. As discussed in Section 2.2, several discrepancies exist between the design drawings and the actual construction.

### SECTION 3

### VISUAL INSPECTION

### 3.1 Findings

a. General. North Arrowhead Lake Dam was inspected on April 8, 1981. At the time of inspection, the lake was at the spillway crest elevation of 1668. Underwater areas, other than those visible from the dam, were not inspected.

The observations and comments of the field inspection team are noted on a checklist included as Appendix A of this report.

bl. Dam. The dam appears to be in poor overall condition. No immediate structural problems were observed; however, the presence of several deficient conditions could lead to more serious problems if they are not corrected. The upstream face of the dam, for example, is intermittently covered with random size riprap. As a result, erosion has occurred and trees and brush are growing at those locations where protection has not been provided.

The crest of the dam and the area just above the riprap were also observed to be in poor condition. The dam crest is rutted and lacks sufficient grass cover, as illustrated on Photos 1 and 2 of Appendix C. In some locations, the crest elevation is as much as 1.2 feet lower than the design elevation 1674 (see profile sheet 11C of Appendix A). As illustrated on Photo 6 of Appendix C, small trees and brush are growing on the dam crest just above the riprap. This area was also found to be very irregular, which would likely hinder mowing or other similar maintenance procedures. Animal burrows were noted at a few locations near the western abutment.

The primary problems associated with the downstream slope of the dam include the growth of small trees and brush, an irregular ground surface and a very steep slope in the vicinity of the lake drain outlet pipe headwall. Minor brush growth and small trees were observed at scattered locations over the entire downstream slope. The uneven ground surface presents a maintenance problem, since mowing would be impossible over most of the downstream slope. The slope in the vicinity of the drain outlet headwall is particularly steep (approximately 1.5H:1V) and shows signs of sloughing into the outlet channel.

Seepage was noted in two locations. The first location was on either side slope of the outlet channel, approximately 40 feet downstream of the outlet headwall, where the toe drain pipes exit to the outlet channel. This seepage (1 to 2 gpm) appeared to be following the lining for the toe drain pipes, which were installed at or near the ground surface, as discussed in Section 2.2. The other seepage location was found just downstream of the east side toe drain pipe, as illustrated on Photo 10 of Appendix C. Water and very soft ground conditions were observed, but no evidence of piping could be found.

b2. Levee. The levee, located approximately 1,000 feet east of the dam, is of similar construction to that of the dam. It, however, has no protection on the upstream face and as a result, has been undermined by wave action (Photo 20, Appendix C). In addition, sloughing has occurred at several locations on the downstream slope of the levee (Photo 19, Appendix C). The grass cover is sparse, particularly on the upstream face and crest, where rec. ational vehicles pass over the levee. A few small trees and brush were noted near the western abutment.

The downstream slope of the levee is approximately 4H:1V and irregular at several locations. For the most part, the slope is in fair condition with no evidence of seepage. A wet area was noted just downstream of levee along Lake Shore Drive, but this appears to have been created by local runoff.

c. Appurtenant Structures. The spillway is located at the eastern abutment and consists of a six-foot high, 60-foot long, concrete Ogee section, with a crest elevation approximately two feet higher than the concrete approach apron. Except for minor spalling of the concrete Ogee section at its base and at its junction with the concrete discharge apron, the spillway appears to be in good condition (see Photo 3, Appendix C). It appears to have been constructed in compliance with the design drawings included in Appendix E.

The outlet works of the dam consist of a 4-foot square concrete intake structure, a 20-inch diameter drain pipe and a 20-inch diameter gate valve located at the discharge end of the drain pipe. Because the intake structure was not accessible, its construction and condition could not be determined. According to the Owner's representative, however, construction is in general conformance with the design drawings. The gate valve is believed to be operable, but has not been operated since it was installed in 1970. As illustrated on Photo 8, Appendix C, the concrete headwall has deteriorated and reinforcing steel is exposed.

The outlet works at the levee consist of a 10-inch diameter steel standpipe, which extends approximately one foot above the pool level (Photo 17, Appendix C), and approximately 350 linear feet of 10-inch diameter steel pipe which discharges to a swampy area just downstream of Lake Shore Drive. No construction data are available, but it does not appear that the outlet is gated.

- d. Reservoir Area. The reservoir drainage area consists of approximately one square mile of relatively flat and forested land. Of the total area, approximately 50 percent is developed and 10 percent is a low-lying swampy area. The slopes adjacent to the impoundment are mild and covered with vegetation. No evidence of bank instability was observed.
- e. <u>Downstream Channel</u>. The low level outlet discharges into a channel which conveys flow for a distance of approximately 650 feet to Arrowhead Lake. The channel has a very gentle slope, a varying base width and side slopes of roughly 4H:1V. (See Photo 9, Appendix C). Neither riprap protection nor an energy dissipator has been provided at the outlet of the 20-inch diameter drain.

The upstream portion of the spiliway outlet channel is in poor condition. No riprap protection has been provided and the side slopes are very steep. Small trees are growing and sloughing has occurred along the sides of the channel. As the channel extends downstream, the banks diminish to approximately a foot in height at the point where it merges with the low level outlet channel.

### 3.2 Evaluation

The dam is considered to be in poor condition; however, the spillway is considered to be in good condition.

Several deficiencies were identified during the visual inspection: a) inadequate riprep protection along the upstream face of the dam and levee, at the outlet of the 20-inch diameter drain pipe, and along the spillway discharge channel; b) rutting and lack of cover on the crest of the dam and levee; c) growth of small trees and brush on both the dam and levee and along the banks of the outlet channels; d) lack of a proper low level intake and upstream control on the drain pipe; e) steep slopes in the vicinity of the outlet headwall and on the banks of the spillway channel; f) deterioration of the concrete headwall at the outlet of the lake drain and minor spalling at the base of the concrete spillway Ogee section; g) irregular surfaces on the dam and levee which hinders maintenance work; h) a toe drain system which was constructed at or near the ground surface; i) lack of access to the intake structure; and j) animal burrows on the crest of the dam.

### **SECTION 4**

### **OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES**

### 4.1 Procedures

The only feature requiring operation at either the dam or the levee is the lake drain. In order to drain the lake, the operator must remove stoplogs at the intake structure and open the 20-inch diameter gate valve at the outlet of the drain pipe. This procedure is difficult to perform since access to the intake structure is not readily available.

### 4.2 Maintenance of the Dam

No established maintenance program for the dam exists. According to the Owner's representative, maintenance is performed on an "as-needed" basis.

### 4.3 Maintenance of Operating Facilities

According to the Owner's representative, the gate valve on the low level outlet pipe has not been operated since it was installed in 1970, and no maintenance has been performed at the intake structure.

### 4.4 Description of Any Warning System In Effect

According to the Owner's representative, no formal surveillance and warning system is in effect at the North Arrowhead Lake Dam.

### 4.5 Evaluation

The poor overall condition of the dam reflects the lack of an adequate operation and maintenance program. Once the recommendations discussed in Section 7 are implemented, a comprehensive operation and maintenance program should be instituted.

In addition, a formal surveillance and warning system should be developed and implemented during periods of extreme rainfall to warn downstream residents and the appropriate agencies of a possible dam failure or potential flooding.

### SECTION 5

### HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULICS

### 5.1 Evaluation of Features

- a. Design Data. North Arrowhead Lake Dam has a contributing drainage area of approximately one square mile. The drainage area consists of moderately-sloped, forested, residential and swampy terrain ranging in elevation from 1880 at the northern boundary of the drainage area to 1668 at normal pool. From the upper reaches of the drainage area, runoff flows overland to an unnamed tributary of Trout Creek and then southerly along a slope of approximately 2.5 percent to North Arrowhead Lake. The southeasterly portion of the drainage area, comprising approximately 40 percent of the total area, is residential. No hydrologic or hydraulic calculations were available for review to assist in the preparation of this report.
- b. Experience Data. No reservoir stage or other operation and maintenance records have been maintained. According to the Owner's representative, the spillway crest has never been overtopped by more than a few inches.
- c. <u>Visual Observations</u>. The spillway appeared to be in good condition. Some erosion of the embankment was observed at the spillway abutments, but it appeared to have been caused by local runoff and pedestrian traffic rather than by overtopping. The spillway discharge channel was found to be in poor condition, as discussed in Section 3.

The outlet works consist of an intake structure with stoplogs, a 20-inch diameter outlet pipe, and a 20-inch diameter gate valve at the discharge end. Because the intake structure was not accessible, except by boat, the intake structure could not be inspected. The major problems associated with the outlet works appear to be the location of the gate valve and the lack of a proper low level intake. With the gate valve in its present location, the outlet pipe is under constant hydrostatic pressure, and the only way to lower the lake is to manually remove stoplogs.

d. Overtopping Potential. The recommended Spillway Design Flood (SDF) for a "Small" size, "Significant" hazard dam ranges from the 100-year flood to one-half of the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF). Because of the extent of the potential hazard area, the selected SDF is one-half of the PMF.

Hydraulic and hydrologic calculations were performed with the assistance of the HEC-1-DB computer program. Refer to Sheet 2, Appendix D for a brief description of the program. The peak design flood inflow to North Arrowhead Lake was computed to be approximately 960 cfs. The corresponding peak outflow was computed to be 655 cfs. The spillway capacity is 2,210 cfs, prior to overtopping the low point of the top of the dam, Elevation 1672.8.

e. <u>Spillway Adequacy</u>. The spillway at the North Arrowhead Lake Dam is capable of discharging the SDF without overtopping the dam; therefore, the spillway is classified as "Adequate".

### SECTION 6

### STRUCTURAL STABILITY

### 6.1 Evaluation of Structural Stability

a. <u>Visual Observations</u>. Several deficiencies were observed which reflect existing or potential slope stability problems. Minor erosion and sloughing was observed along the upstream face of the dam, on the slopes adjacent to the headwall at the outlet of the 20-inch diameter drain pipe, and on the sides of the spillway discharge channel. It appears that wave action, coupled with the lack of adequate protection, has contributed to the erosion along the upstream dam face. At the other locations, it appears that the slopes are too steep and that sloughing will continue until stability is achieved.

Further evidence of potential problems include the presence of trees and brush on the dam and adjacent to the spillway outlet channel, tack of adequate riprap protection at the drain outlet, spalling of the concrete headwall at the dam low level outlet, the presence of animal burrows on the crest of the dam and seepage. At the time of the inspection, the dam appeared to be stable; however, continued deterioration could lead to structural problems.

- b. <u>Design and Construction Data</u>. Design drawings and miscellaneous correspondence were provided by the Pennsylvania DER. No design calculations or construction data, however, were available from either the Pennsylvania DER or the Owner.
- c. Operating Records. According to the Owner's representative, no operating records for this dam have been kept.
- d. Post Construction Changes. The only construction known to have taken place since the dam was constructed in 1970 was the placement of riprap along the upstream face of the dam in 1972. No records or drawings of this post construction change are available.
- e. <u>Seismic Stability</u>. North Arrowhead Lake Dam is located in Seismic Zone I according to the Seismic Zone Map of Contiguous States. A dam located in Seismic Zone I will generally be stable under expected Zone I earthquake conditions if it is stable under static loading conditions. Since the dam appeared to be stable for static conditions at the time of the inspection, it is expected that it would be stable for expected Zone I earthquake conditions.

### SECTION 7

### ASSESSMENT, RECOMMENDATIONS AND PROPOSED REMEDIAL MEASURES

### 7.1 Dam Assessment

a. Evaluation. The visual inspection of North Arrowhead Lake Dam revealed that the dam is in poor overall condition. The reasons for this are failure to construct the dam according to the design drawings and lack of an operation and maintenance program. The following deficiencies are attributed to deviations from the design drawings: 1) inadequate riprap protection along the upstream faces of the dam and levee, at the outlet of the 20-inch diameter drain pipe and along the spillway discharge channel; 2) steep slopes in the vicinity of the low level outlet headwall and on the banks of the spillway outlet channel; 3) irregular surfaces on the dam and levee; 4) a toe drain system which was constructed at or near the ground surface rather than 4 feet below the ground surface; and 5) the presence of a 20-inch diameter gate valve at the outlet of the lake drain pipe. In addition, the following conditions were noted to be in conflict with recommended design practices: 1) lack of access to the intake structure; and 2) lack of a low level intake and upstream control gate on the lake drain pipe.

Lack of an operation and maintenance program has contributed to the following conditions: 1) rutting and lack of cover on the crests of the dam and the levee; 2) growth of small trees and brush on both the dam and levee and along the banks of the outlet channels; 3) deterioration of the concrete headwall at the outlet of the lake drain pipe and spalling at the base of the concrete spillway Ogee section: and 4) animal burrows on the crest of the dam.

Though these conditions do not appear to be critical at this time, it is important that they be corrected in a timely manner to ensure the future safety of the dam.

The selected SDF for North Arrowhead Lake dam is one half of the PMF. Based on a review of the hydrologic/hydraulic analyses, the spillway is capable of passing the SDF discharge before the low point of the crest of the embankment would be overtopped. The spillway is therefore "Adequate".

b. Adequacy of Information. The information provided by the Pennsylvania DER, along with the information obtained from the visual inspection and subsequent conversations with the Owner's representative, is considered adequate for a Phase I evaluation.

Urgency. The recommendations and remedial measures discussed in this section should be initiated immediately.

c. Necessity for Further Investigation. Further investigation at this time is not considered necessary.

### 7.2 Recommendations and Remedial Measures:

The recommendations and remedial measures should be initiated immediately.

### a. Facilities.

The Owner should retain the services of a licensed professional engineer, experienced in the design and construction of dams, to assist in the implementation of the following recommendations:

- 1. Erosion protection should be establed on the upstream face of the dam, where necessary, to prevent erosion due to wave action. In addition, erosion protection should be provided along the upstream face of the levee, at the outlet of the 20-inch diameter lake drain pipe and on the banks of the spillway discharge channel.
- 2. A means of upstream closure should be provided to facilitate drawdown of the reservoir and to prevent the drain pipe from being subjected to constant hydrostatic pressure. Also, access should be provided to the intake structure located in the reservoir.
- 3. The steep slopes in the vicinity of lake drain outlet pipe and along the spillway discharge channel should be cut back and reseeded to prevent sloughing and erosion.
- 4. The toe drain system should be removed and replaced at the designed elevation to enable it to function properly.
- 5. Deteriorated concrete should be repaired on the outlet headwall for the lake drain pipe.
- 6. Spalled concrete surfaces should be repaired on the Ogee spillway section at its base and its junction with the concrete discharge apron.
- 7. Irregular surfaces on the dam and levee should be regraded and back-filled with suitable compacted material, where necessary.

The Owner should initiate the following remedial measures:

- 1. Small trees and brush on both the dam and the levee, and along the banks of the outlet channels, should be removed. All resulting voids should be backfilled with suitable compacted material.
- 2. The sloughed area on the downstream slope of the levee should be repaired and monitored.
- 3. Animal burrows on the crest of the dam should be backfilled with suitable compacted material.

- 4. A grass cover should be established and maintained on all embankment surfaces of the dam and levee.
- 5. Seepage observed at the downstream toe of the dam should be monitored.

### b. Operation and Maintenance Procedures

- 1. An operation and maintenance program should be developed and implemented. This program should include periodic operation of outlet works, routine maintenance tasks, and an annual inspection performed by a licensed professional engineer, experienced in the design and construction of dams.
- 2. A monitoring and downstream warning plan should be developed and implemented during periods of extreme rainfall so that downstream residents and the appropriate agencies are notified in case of an impending dam failure.

APPENDIX A
INSPECTION CHECKLIST

CHECK LIST VISUAL IMSPECTION

Sheet 1 of 11

State PA NDI ID # PA-00743	ignificant	Temperature 65 degrees F.	Tailwater at Time of Inspection 1652 M.S.L.	Alan Hanscom	Recorder	present during the inspection
County Monroe Sta	Hazard Category Significant	Weather Clear Tempe	M.S.L.	Leonard Beck	Lee DeHeer	iger for Monroe Engineering. Inc. was present during the inspection
Mame Dam N. Arrowhead Lake Dam	Type of Dam Earth Embankment	Date(s) Inspection 4/08/81	Pool Elevation at Time of Inspection 1668	Inspection Personnel: Lee DeHeer		Remarks: Mr. Len Tusar, General Manac

### CONCRETE/MASONRY DAMS

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVAT 10NS	Sheet 2 of 11 REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
ANY NOTICEABLE SEEPAGE	Not applicable	-
STRUCTURE TO ABUTMENT/ENBAHKMENT JUNCTIOHS	Not applicable	
DRAINS	Not applicable	
WATER PASSAGES	Not applicable	
-FOURDATION	Not applicable	

CONSTRUCTION JOINTS

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	Sheet 3 of 11 REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
SURFACE CRACKS CONCRETE SURFACES	Not applicable	
STRUCTURAL CRACKING	Not applicable	
VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL	Not applicable	·
MOROLITH JOINTS	Not applicable	
STUTOL MOTTOLIGE	. Not applicable	

# (NORTH ARROWHEAD LEVEE)

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
SURFACE CRACKS	None observed However, animal burrows were noted on the crest and d/s slope.	
		-
UNUSUAL MOVEMENT OR CRACKING AT OR BEYOND THE TOE	None observed.	
SLOUGHING OR EROSION OF ENBANKHENT AND ABUTMENT SLOPES	Erosion of u/s face near the water surface, due to wave action (Photo 20 Appendix C) Sloughing of embankment near 10-inch diameter standpipe (photo 19) Erosion on crest of dam (photo 16)	Provide riprap protection along u/s face. Fill and re-seed sloughed areas Frovide grass cover on dam crest and discourage traffic over dam.
VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT OF THE CREST	The east side of the dam is generally lower than the west side elevation. In particular, the access road to the east of the east side dam abutment is low (see sheet 11B)	The top of the dam could be raised to design elevation 1674, but it is not essential to the safety of the dam.
RIPRAP FAILURES	Not applicable	Riprap should be provided on u/s face, as recommended above.

EHBANKMENT

(NORTH ARROWHEAD DAM)

OBSERVATIONS

Sheet 4 B of 11

REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS

SURFACE CRACKS

VISUAL EXAM: NATION OF

 $t_{2}^{\prime}$ 

None observed

Sloughing observed on steep banks surrounding Appendix () Also, the upstream face of the on crest of dam (particularly near the gatehouse) is (photo 2, the headwall at the low level outlet. eroded where the riprap is missing. dam due to vehicular traffic. Erosion and rutting observed None observed SLOUGHING OR EROSION OF EMBANKHENT AND ABUTHENT SLOPES CRACKING AT OR BEYOND THE TOE JAUSUAL MOVEMENT OR

Sheet 4B of

riprap, where necessary. and supplement existing

Fill and reseed eroded

areas on crest and

Replace missing riprap

upstream slope.

surrounding headwall of

low level outlet,

As illustrated on sheet llc, the dam is up to 1.4 feet lower than the design elevation of 1674 in some locations.

VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT OF THE CREST

Top of dam could be raised to design elevation 1674, but it is not essential to the safety of the dam.

RIPHAP FAILURES.

Several areas were observed along the u/s dam face to have missing and/or displaced riprap.

Replace and repair riprap, as recommended above.

(NORTH ARROWHEAD LEVEE)

Sheet 5A of 11 REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS OBSERVATIONS VISUAL EXAMINATION OF

JUNCTION OF EMBANKMENT AND ABUTHENT, SPILLWAY AND DAM

East side abutment area is lower than much of the dam (see sheet 118)

Abutment area could be raised, but it is not essential to the safety of the dam.

None observed; however, d/s area is wet.

ANY NOTICEABLE SEEPAGE

STAFF GAGE AND RECORDER

Not applicable

DRAINS

None observed

### EMBANKMENT

(NORTH ARROWHEAD DAM)

Sheet 5B of 11

OBSERVATIONS

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF

REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS

JUNCTION OF EMBANKMENT AND ABUTMENT, SPILLNAY AND DAM

abutment and on either side of the spillway inlet (see sheet 11C) Low areas were observed near the west side

not essential to the safety of Low areas could be raised to design elevation, but it is the dam.

ANY NOTICEABLE SEEPAGE

just downstream of the toe drain pipe at the locations indicated on sheet 11 A. (see photo 10). Minor seepage (<1 gpm) was observed

replaced at proper elevation to intercept such flow. Toe drain pipe should be

> Not applicable STAFF GAGE AND RECORDER

DRAINS

4-inch diameter toe drains appear to be

Replace toe drain system. installed improperly. No flow was observed at point of discharge to outlet channel, (see photos 10 and 11, Appendix C)

Not applicable

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(NORTH ARROWHEAD LEVEE)

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	Sheet 6A of 11
CRACKING AND SPALLING OF CO!CRETE SURFACES IN OUTLET CONDUIT	Not applicable	RECOMMENDATIONS
INTAKE STRUCTURE	10-inch diameter standpipe (see photo 17, Appendix C)	ix C)
OUTLET STRUCTURE	Not applicable .	
OUTLET CHANNEL	Swamp area just upstream of beach on Arrowhead Lake. Minor brush and small trees.	
EHERGENCY GATE		٠

### OUTLET WORKS (NORTH ARROWHEAD DAM)

	(NORTH ARROWHEAD DAM).	Cheet KR of 11
AMIN	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
CONCRETE SURFACES IN OUTLET CONDUIT	Unable to observe	
INTAKE STRUCTURE	Good condition, as viewed from embankment. No access is available.	Provide access for operation of low level intake valve.
OUTLET STRUCTURE	Cóncrete headwall at outlet of low level drain is deteriorated and has exposed rebar.	Repair concrete headwall.
OUTLET CHANNEL	Few small trees and brush. No riprap protection. Standing water (see sheet 11)	Provide channel protection and/or energy dissipator at low level outlet. Keep channel clear of all trees, brush and debris.
EMERGENCY GATE	20-inch gate valve at discharge of low level outlet has not been operated for years. The intake gate was submerged at time of inspection.	Exercise all outlet valv

## (NORTH ARROWHEAD DAM)

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF CONCRETE WEIR		
	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
min is	Ogee section appears to be very step and minor spalling was observed, but it is in good condition.	Repair spalled concrete near base of ogee section.
APPROACH CHANNEL Not	Not applicable	
DISCHARGE CHAIMEL The was was slow	The side slopes of the discharge channel are very steep near the spillway outlet. No riprap was installed; consequently, the slopes have sloughed and eroded. Brush and small tress line the channel banks,	The channel side slopes near the spillway should be laid back and reseeded.
BRIDGE AND PIERS NOT	Not applicable	removed from channel banks

### ATED SPILLWAY

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	800	OBSERVATIONS	Sheet 8 of 11
CONCRETE SILL	Not applicable		
APPROACH CHANNEL	Not applicable		
DISCHARGE CHANNEL	Not applicable		
BRIDGE AND PIERS	Not applicable		·
GATES AND OPERATION EQUIPMENT	Not applicable		

Not applicable

OTHER

## INSTRUMENTATION

MONUMENTATION/SURVEYS		
	Not applicable	
OBSERVATION WELLS	Not applicable	
WEIRS	Not applicable	
PIEZOMETERS	Not applicable	

### RESERVOIR

		Sheet 10 of 11
VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECONTIONS
SLOPES	Reservoir slopes appear to be flat and well-covered with vegetation	
	(deciduous trees, primarily). Homes around the lake appear to be above maximum flood stage.	· •

No evidence of excessive sedimentation was observed.

SEDIMENTATION

## DOWNSTREAM CHANNEL

VICHAL EXAMINATION OF		Sheet 11 of 11
יייטער בעאווואן נטון טר	UBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
COMDITION (OBSTRUCTIONS, DEBRIS, ETC.)	The downstream channel has a few small obstructions, including rocks, sloughed areas, etc.	Channel should be cleared of obstructions and regraded to promote better drainage of locarunoff.
		-
SLOPES	The channel slope is mild, but adequate.	
APPROXIMATE NO. OF HOMES AND POPULATION	There is a small fire station, housing two fire engines, approximately 350 feet d/s of the dam. Also, there are several residences (8-10) along Arrowhead Lake. (1st floor E1.1656±)	se



1. 1.1. 10 100 LOCHTION FLAN OF EFIGIEN NES OBSERVED WAIN'S MISUAL INSPECTION ATE 12 3, 1281 **(B)** Approx. Scale 1" = 200' LEGENI A - Small trees and brush - Sparse riprap f erosion - Rutting, animal burrows & insufficient cover 0 Top of dam el below design el for most of dam E - No riprop protection - Slaughing of embankment 6 - Location of seepage - No access, no u/s control

outles works

#### O'BRIEN&GERE ENGINEERS, INC.

ſ	SUBJEC!	SHEET	ВУ	DATE	JOB NO
	Profile: N. Arrowhead Lake Levee	118	ADH	4-30-81	1841.014
L	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		<u> </u>		

(East Sixe)

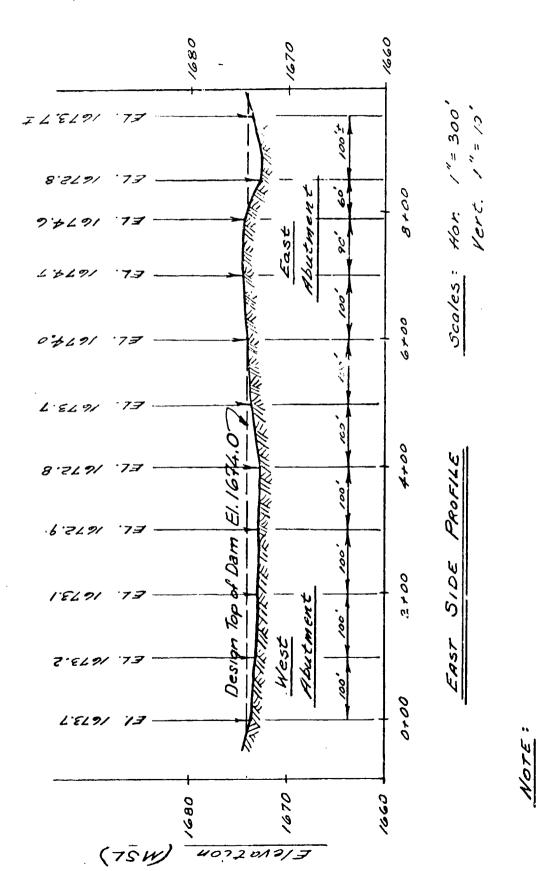


Photo pipe is located abutment. Side diameter intake Appendix 420

ſ



Subjecti Profile: N. Arrow	shead.	Lake	Dam	SHEET	ADH	DATE 4-30-81	1841.	.014
(West Side.)	a ply				. 1680	07.97	,	9
772191 73			912	1291 73		- Ex		,001
11.K.11.K.11.K.11.	, 00	6100	8.57	(9) 77			20.	ن / س= الجدده
10691 13	, 00	5.00		9/ Y <b>3</b>	60' Spillu	Last burners	,00/	3700
** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	.00/	4100		91 73			,00/	12.00
7 × 10) 13	,00/	3700	6.57	:91 YZ -	~	KIKIK IK-II	,00/	1100
6 \$ 1 9 1 1 3 - W	butnent 10'	2700		D) '] <del>T</del>	EI 1674.C	*	,00/	10 too
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12197 13	, S	00.00	·	(9) YZ.	Design Te	M. M. M. M. M.	100,	8000 VEST 511
(75W) 10017UAD,	029	099/	# EL	(2109		Mateh		2007

APPENDIX B

CHECKLIST ENGINEERING DATA

DESIGH, COHSTRUCTIOH, OPERATION PHASE 1 CHECK LIST ENGINEERING DATA

NAME OF DAM N. Arrowhead Lake Dam

NOI 12 # PA-00743

Sheet 1 of 4

AS-BUILT DRAHINGS

None Available

REMARKS

REGIONAL VICINITY MAP

See Figure 1, Appendix E.

CONSTRUCTION HISTORY

The dam was constructed in 1970 by G.H. Litts, Inc.; Marshalls Creek, PA. THe only known work performed since the original construction took place in 1972 when riprap was added to the upstream face of the dam.

See sheets 3 & 4, Appendix E.

TYPICAL SECTIONS OF DAM

OUTLETS - PLAN

See sheets 5 & 6, Appendix E.

CONSTRAINTS

DETAILS

DISCHARGE RATINGS

None Available RAINFALL/RESERVOIR RECORDS

None Available

DESIGN REPORTS  None Available  GEOLOGY REPORTS  None Available  DESIGN COMPUTATIONS  HYDROLOGY & HYDRAULICS  HYDROLOGY & HYDRAULICS  HYDROLOGY & HYDRAULICS  Engin-ering, Inc.; East Stroudsburg, PA.  SEEPAGE STUDIES  WATERIALS INVESTIGATIONS  MATERIALS  MAT	ITEM	REMARKS Sheet 2 of 4
None Available  Design data is available from Monroe Engincering, Inc.; East Stroudsburg, Post-construction borings and materials testing were performed by Geo-Surveys; Camp Hill; PA.  None Available  Lake bottom	DESIGN REPORTS	None Available
None Available  IONS  Design data is available from Monroe Engineering, Inc.; East Stroudsburg,  IIGATIONS  Post-construction borings and materials testing were performed by Geo-Surveys; Camp Hill; PA.  None Available  Lake bottom		
Design data is available from Monroe Engincering, Inc.; East Stroudsburg,  Post-construction borings and materials testing were performed by Geo-Surveys; Camp Hill; PA.  None Available  Lake bottom	GEOLOGY REPORTS	None Available
1 15 1	DESIGN COMPUTATIONS HYDROLOGY & HYDRAULICS UAM STABILITY SEEPAGE STUDIES	Design data is available from Monroe Engincering, Inc.; East Stroudsburg, PA.
DAY	MATERIALS INVESTIGATIONS BORING RECORDS LABORATORY FIELD	
	POST-CONSTRUCTION SURVEYS	DAY
	BORROW SOURCES	Lake bottom

MONITORING SYSTEMS

(

•

MODIFICATIONS

Riprap added to upstream dam face in 1972.

HIGH POOL RECORDS

None Available

POST CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING Borings and materials testing STUDIES AND REPORTS per DER request.

None

PRIOR ACCIDENTS OR FAILURE OF UAM DESCRIPTION REPORTS

None available

HAINTENANCE OPERATION RECORDS

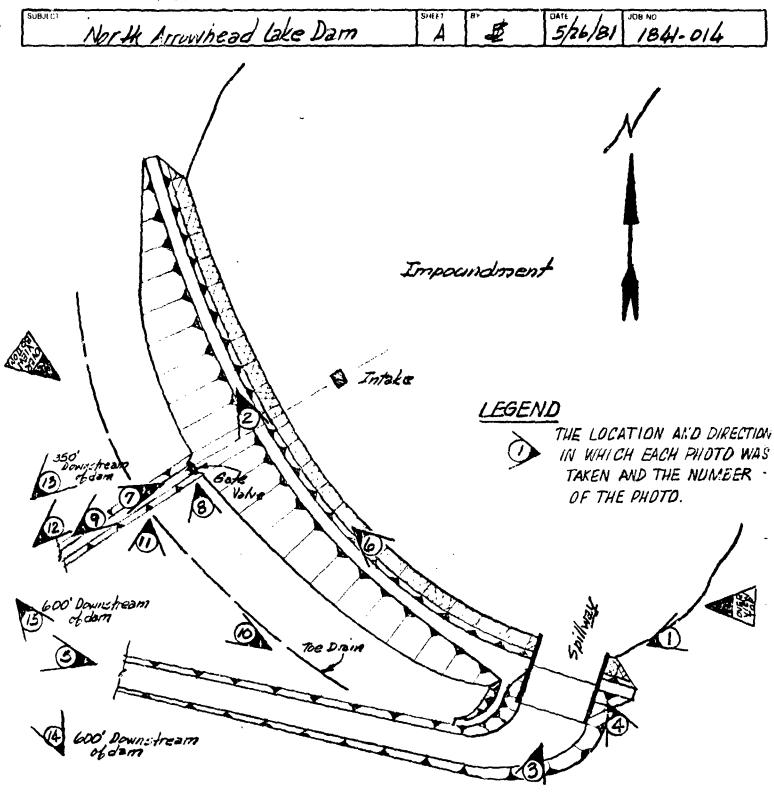
	Sheet 4 of 4	1 of 4
ITEM	REMARKS	
SPILLWAY PLAW SECTIONS DETAILS	See sheet 5, Appendix E.	
OPERATING EQUIPMENT PLANS & DETAILS	Not applicable	
MISCELLANEOUS	Refer to Section 2	

Note: Information presented on this checklist was obtained from Mr. Len Tusar, General Manager for Monroe Engineering, Inc.

APPENDIX C
PHOTOGRAPHS

#### APPENDIX C PHOTOGRAPH TABLE OF CONTENTS

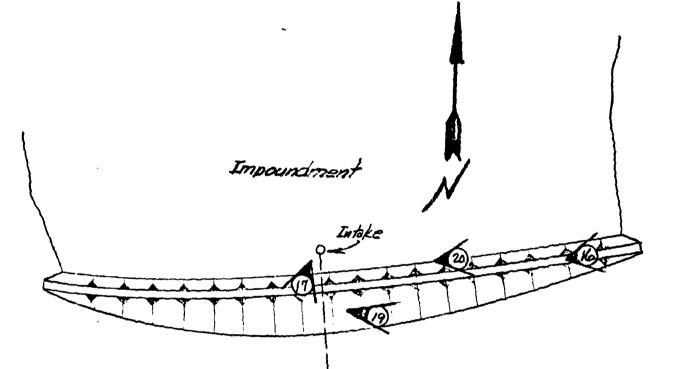
		Page No.
		A-A
Site	Plan	1
PHOT	OGRAPH	
No.		
1.	View along the centerline of the dam from the left spillway sidewall. (4/8/81)	1
2.	View along the centerline of the dam from near the right abutment. (4/8/81)	1
3. 4.	Spillway looking upstream. (4/8/81) Embankment situation next to the left spillway sidewall.	2 2
5. 6.	(4/8/81) Spillway discharge channel. (4/8/81) Typical small trees and brush growing on the dam.	3
7. 8.	(4/8/81) Valve for reservoir drain. (4/8/81) Reservoir drain valve and deteriorated reinforced	4 4
9.	concrete mounting. (4/8/81) Reservoir drain outlet channel. (4/8/81)	5
ic.	Secpage near the downstream toe about 300 feet right of the left abutment. (4/8/81)	5
l1. l2.	Outlet for embankment under drain pipe. (4/8/81) Twin 36-inch diameter culverts about 400 feet	6 6
.3.	downstream of the dam. $(4/8/81)$ Fire house about 350 feet downstream of the dam. $(4/8/81)$	7
L <b>4</b> .	Homes about 600 feet downstream of the dam on the shores of Arrowhead Lake. (4/8/81)	7
.5.	Homes on the shores of Arrowhead Lake. On the right, the discharge from North Arrowhead Lake enters Arrowhead Lake. (4/8/81)	8
6.	View along the centerline of the North Arrowhead Levee which is about 1,000 feet east of North Arrowhead Dam.	8
7.	(4/8/81) Inlet structure at the North Arrowhead levee. (4/8/81)	9
8. 9.	Outlet downstream of the North Arrowhead levee. (4/8/81) Displaced embankment on the North Arrowhead levee. (4/8/81)	9 10
0.	Eroded upstream slope on the North Arrowhead levee. (4/8/81)	10



MAIN DAM



North Arrowlies & Lake Dam 5/27/81 1841-014

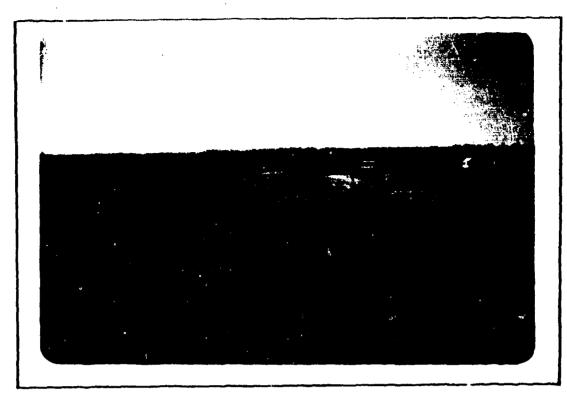


#### LEGEND

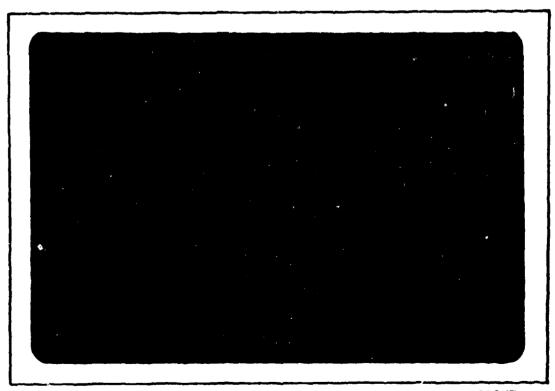


THE LOCATION AND DIRECTION IN WHICH EACH PHOTO WAS TAKEN AND THE NUMBER OF THE PHOTO.

NORTH ARROWHEAD LEVEE (EAST OF THE MAIN DAM)



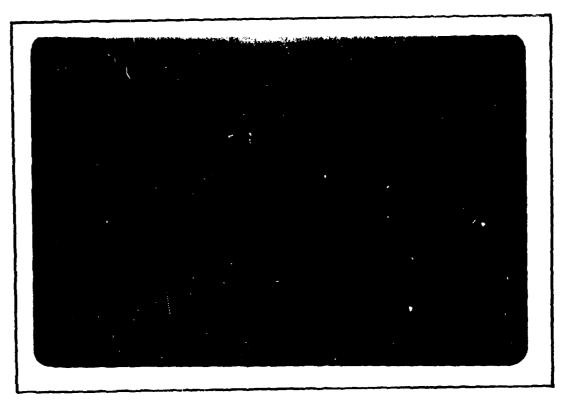
1. VIEW ALONG THE CENTERLINE OF THE DAM FROM THE LEFT SPILLWAY SIDEWALL. (4/8/81)



2. VIEW ALONG THE CENTERLINE OF THE DAM FROM NEAR THE RIGHT ABUTMENT. (4/8/81)



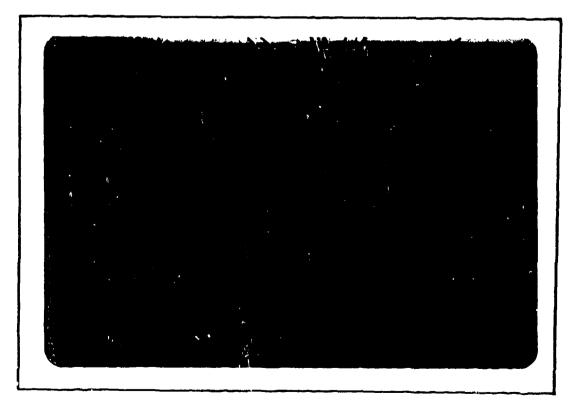
3. SPILLWAY LOOKING UPSTREAM. (4/8/81)



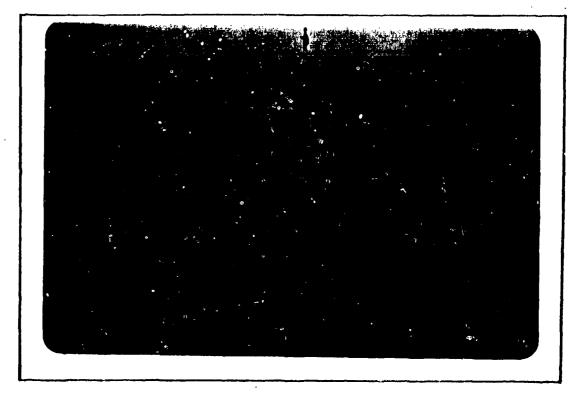
4. EMBANKMENT SITUATION NEXT TO THE LEFT SPILLWAY SIDEWALL. (4/8/81)



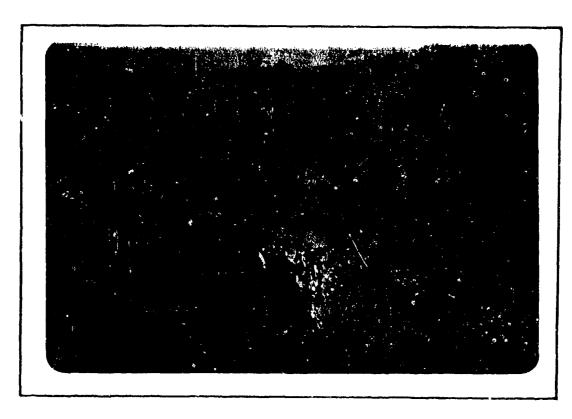
5. SPILLWAY DISCHARGE CHANNEL. (4/8/81)



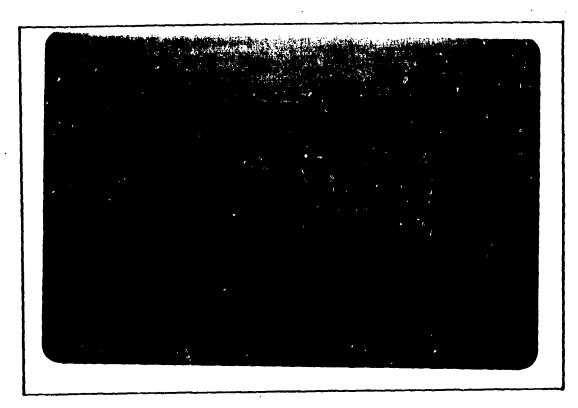
6. TYPICAL SMALL TREES AND BRUSH GROWING ON THE DAM. (4/8/81)



7. VALVE FOR RESERVOIR DRAIN. (4/8/81)



8. RESERVOIR DRAIN VALVE AND DETERIORATED REINFORCED CONCRETE MOUNTING. (4/8/81)



9. RESERVOIR DRAIN OUTLET CHANNEL. (4/8/81)



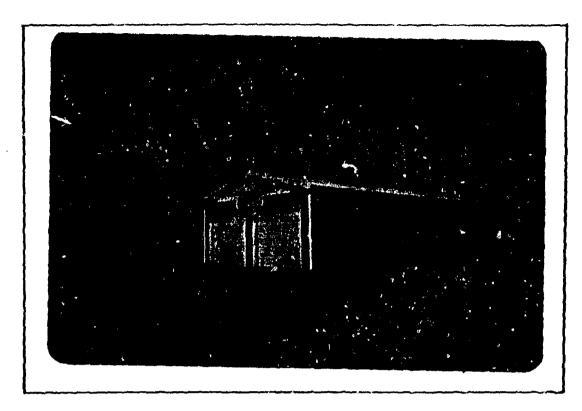
10. SEEPAGE NEAR THE DOWNSTREAM TOE ABOUT 300 FEET RIGHT OF THE LEFT ABUTMENT. (4/8/81)



11. OUTLET FOR EMBANKMENT UNDER DRAIN PIPE. (4/8/81)



12. TWIN 36-INCH DIAMETER CULVERTS ABOUT 400 FEET DOWNSTREAM OF THE DAM. (4/8/81)



13. FIRE HOUSE ABOUT 350 FEET DOWNSTREAM OF THE DAM. (4/8/81)



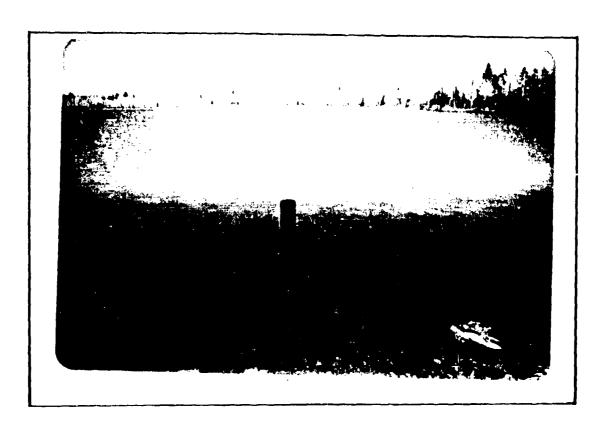
14. HOMES ABOUT 600 FEET DOWNSTREAM OF THE DAM ON THE SHORES OF ARROWHEAD LAKE. (4/8/81)



15. HOMES ON THE SHORES OF ARROWHEAD LAKE. ON THE RIGHT, THE DISCHARGE FROM NORTH ARROWHEAD LAKE ENTERS ARROWHEAD LAKE. (4/8/81)



16. VIEW ALONG THE CENTERLINE OF THE NORTH ARROWHEAD LEVEE WHICH IS ABOUT 1,000 FEET EAST OF NORTH ARROWHEAD DAM. (4/8/81)



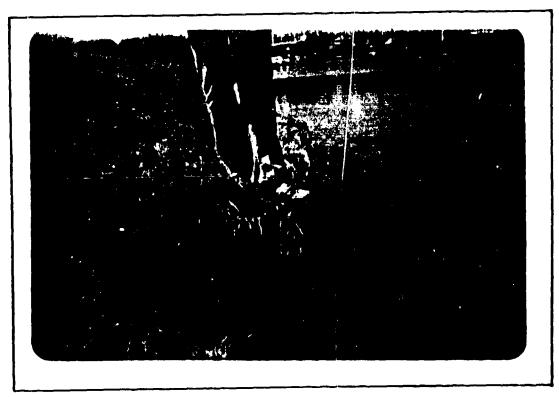
17. INLET STRUCTURE AT THE NORTH ARROWHEAD LEVEE. (4/8/81)



18. OUTLET DOWNSTREAM OF THE NORTH ARROWHEAD LEVEE. (4/8/81)



19. DISPLACED EMBANKMENT ON THE NORTH ARROWHEAD LEVEE. (4/8/81)



20. ERODED UPSTREAM SLOPE ON THE NORTH ARROWHEAD LEVEE. (4/8/81)

#### APPENDIX D

HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC ENGINEERING DATA

#### NORTH ARROWHEAD LAKE DAM

#### APPENDIX D

#### HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC ENGINEERING DATA

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HEC-1, Revised Flood Hydrograph Package	2
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Stage - Discharge Calculations and Table	4
Stage - Discharge Curve	5
HEC-1 Dam Safety Version, Non-Breach Computer Output	6 through 9

#### CHECK LIST HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC ENGINEERING DATA

DRAINAGE AREA CHARACTERISTICS: Residential, primarily forested							
ELEVATION TOP NORMAL POOL (STORAGE CAPACITY): E1. 1668 (433 Ac-Ft.)							
ELEVATION TOP FLOOD CONTROL POOL (STORAGE CAPACITY): E1. 1672.8 (968 Ac-Ft.)							
ELEVATION MAXIMUM DESIGN POOL: E1. 1674							
ELEVATION TOP DAM: E1. 1672.8 (Low Point of Dam)							
SPILLWAY							
a. Elevation 1668.0							
b. TypeConcrete Ogee							
c. WidthOgee Shaped Crest							
d. Length 60 Feet							
e. Location Spillover East Side Abutment							
f. Number and Type of Gates None							
OUTLET WORKS:							
a. Type 20-inch diameter low level outlet							
b. Location near center of dam							
c. Entrance invert 1654.0							
d. Exit invert 1653.0							
e. Emergency draindown facilities Stoplogs & 20-inch Gate Valve							
HYDROMETEOROLOGICAL GAGES:							
a. Type None							
b. Location Not available							
c. Records Not available							
MAXIMUM NON-DAMAGING DISCHARGE: Not determined							

#### HEC-1, REVISED FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE

The original "Flood Hydrograph Package" (HEC-1), developed by the Hydrologic Engineering Center, Corps of Engineers, has been modified for use under the National Dam Inspection Program. The "Flood Hydrograph Package (HEC-1), Dam Safety Version", hereinafter referred to as, HEC-1, Rev., has been modified to require less detailed input and to include a dam breach analysis. The required input is obtained from the field inspection of a dam, any available design/evaluation data, relatively simple hydraulic calculations, or information from the USGS Quandrangle maps. The input format is flexible in order to reflect any unique characteristics of an individual dam.

HEC-1, Rev. computes a reservor inflow hydrograph based on individual watershed characteristics such as: area, percentage of impervious surface area, watershed shape, and hydrograph characteristics determined from regional correlation studies by the Corps of Engineers, Baltimore District. The inflow is routed through the reservoir using spillway discharge data obtained from the field inspection or design data. Flood storage capacity is determined from USGS maps or design information and verified by the field inspection. In the event a spillway cannot discharge 0.5 PMF without overtopping and failure of the dam, downstream channel characteristics obtained from the field inspection and USGS maps are inputed and flows are routed downstream to the damage center and a dam breach analysis is performed.

Included in this Appendix are the HEC-1, Rev. pertinent input values and a summary print-out.

"High "hazard structures only

North Arrowhead Lake	ke Dam	SHEE!	BY I	4/3/B1	1841-014
Hydrology Calaulation	725	• • •	1		
Drainage Area	•	2 (Plani	metera	from US	GS Quad. Sh
Surface Areas	•			•	
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1673	•		39	Normal Po	9/17 · · · · · · · ·
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24 152.		0.0		2./	
48 /42					

Area is in Zone 2

$$Cp = 0.45$$
,  $L = 1.27 \, mi$ ,  $Lca = 1.12 \, mi$ .  
 $Ct = 2.1$   
 $Tp = Ct (L \cdot Lca)^{0.3}$   
 $Tp = 2.1 (1.27 \cdot 1.12)^{0.3}$   
 $Tp = 2.33 \, hr$ .



North Arrowhead	Loke Dam	SHEEZ BY AD	H 4-30-81	JOB NO 1841.014
				<del>.</del>
Stage - Dischar	ge Calculation	25:		
			342	
1.) Flow over s	plluay = 9	4451	45 3 W	ere C = 3.5
Jan ogee	3			
2.) Flow over of for short	Yam - Po = 4	40 40	; where	C = 3.0
for short	brand-crest	ed we	1 pm 2 pm	varies
per dam	2104,123			
3.) Flow over	abutments - an	= 04,	4 juhe	re. C = 2.8
3.) Flow over a	broad-crested	werr_	0 2 0 0	725
Stage - Discharg				
				+++++
(MSL) (feet) (cfs)	(feet) (feet)	(FS) (	feet (feet	(cra)
1668 0 0				
1667 1.0 270				210
				594
1671 3.1 1,091				1,097
1672 4.0 1,680				1,680
1072.8 4.8 2,208	0 0	0 -		2,208
1673 5.0 2,348	0.1 180	17		2,365
1674 6.0 3,086	0.5.5 1,420 1,	738	250	247 5,011
1675 7.0 3,889	12 2,050 8	084	28 600	1,202 13,175
C				
* Low point a	of dam crost			



North Arrowhead Lake Dam			14000	66
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	; .	Spillwa	8	oillway cr
El. 1672.8			2,000	: Spill

PREVIEW OF SEQUENCE OF STREAM NETWORN CALCULATIONS RUNDFF HYDROGRAFH AT ROUTE HYDROGRAFH TO END OF NETWORK

1FLT 0 O TRACE O METRO NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION FROGRAM BALTIMORE CORFS OF ENGINEERS NORTH ARROWHEAD LAKE DAM JOB SFECIFICATION INTHE O LROPT IHE O NWT o JOPER S IDAY NMIN 10 NHR O 300 300

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OUTFLOW FROM NORTH ARROWHEAD LAKE

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RUNDFF TO NORTH ARROWHEAD LAKE

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NATIONAL BAM INSPECTION FROGRAM BALTIMORE CORPS OF ENGINERS NORTH ARROWHEAD LANE BAM

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DAM SAFETY VERSION JULY 1978
LAST MODIFICATION OI AFR BO

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EXCS

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DLTKR RIDL 0.00 1.00

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COMP O MO.DA HR.MN FERIOD UNIT HYDROGRAPHIOO END-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES, LAGE
18. 120. 128. 123.
73. 89. 65. 81. 78.
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SUB-AREA RUNDEF COMPUTATION

RUNDEF TO NORTH ARROWIEAD LAKE

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# OUTFLOW FROM NORTH ARROWHEAT LAKE

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٠. ن٠	69.0	210.30	93	591.00	1091.00	7691	00.0831	3209.00	2. C1	2 ! 55.40	00.1000	V6. 15.1	
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ELEVATION=	1653,	1469.		1673.									
		UAS.	oro or		0.00 EKFU 0.0	KEU HILLST 2.0 C.S.		0.00 0.00 0.00	u	EXFL 0.0			
					TOFFEL 1672.8	Tank Turns Contuil EXE 0+0 0.0	ac	PAMWID 0.					
PER OUTFLOW IS	109.	AT TIME	45.17 HOURS	HOURS									
SAK OUTFLOW IS	220.	AT TIME	45.17	HOURS									
EAK DUTFLOW IS	370.	AT TIME	44.67 HOURS	HOURS									
EAK OUTFLOW IS	508	509. AT TIME	44.67 HOURS	HOURS	:		:						
EAK OUTFLOW IS	655.	555. AT TIME	44.50 HOURS	ноикѕ							,		
EAK OUTFLOW IS	* <b>6</b> 0B	809. AT TIME	44.33 HOURS	HOURS									
EAK OUTFLOW IS	956.	956. AT TIME	44.33 HOURS	HOURS			í						
EAK OUTFLOW IS	1102.	AF TIME	44.33 HOURS	HOURS				•					
EAK UUTFLOW 1S	1415.	1415. AT TIME	44.17 HOURS	HOURS									

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PEAK FLOW AND STORAGE (END OF FERIOD) SUMMARY FOR MULTIFLE FLAN-RATIO ECONOMIC COMFUTATIONS FLOWS IN CURIC FEET PER SECOND (CURIC METERS FER SECOND) ARAM IN SOUARE MILES (SOUARE ALLOMFIERS)

RATIOS AFFLIED TO FLOWS RATIO 3 FATIC 4 RATIO 5 RATIO 6 RATIO 7 RATIO 8 RATIO 9 .30 .40 .50 .50 .70 .80 1.00	1535, 1919; 43.47)( 54.34)	1102. 1415. 31,22)( 40,06)		
RATIO 7 R4	1343.	756. 27.08) (		
RATIO 6	1151.	809;		Ĭ,
088 Ratio 5 :50	960;	655. 18,55)(		10F OF DAM 1672.80
LIED TO FL RATIC 4 .40	768. 21.74)(	509.	Y AMALYSIS	.LWAY CRFST 1668.00 433.
RATIOS AFFLIED TO FLUMS RATIO 3 RATIC 4 RATI	576.	370.	DAM SAFET	SFILLWAY CRUST 1548.00 433.
RATIO 2	384.	220.	SUMHARY OF DAN ĞAFETY ANALYSIS	INITIAL VALUE 1668.00 433.
RATIO 1 RATIO 2	192.	109.	Ť	INITION 160
FLAN	<b>*</b> 1	ŗ ~		ELEVATION STURAGE
AREA	1.00	1.00		:
STATION	INFLOW	OUTFLO (		FLAN 1
OPERATION	HYDROGRAFH AT INFLOW	ROUTED TO	•4	FLAN 1

TIME OF FAILURE HOURS TIME OF AAX OUTFLOW HOURS 45.17 44.67 44.67 44.50 44.33 44.33 44.33 942. 2208. DUPATION OVER 10P HOUKS 00.00 433, MAXTHUM OUTFLOW CFS 109. 220. 370. 509. 655. 809. 956. 1102. MAXINUM STOEAGE AC-FT 479. 555. 557. 638. 638. 730. 53, MAXIMUM DEFTH GUER DAM MAXIMUM RESERVOIR W.S.ELEV CUTFLOW 1668.52 1669.03 1669.42 1669.78 1670.12 1670.43 1670.73 80110 06 6MF .10 .20 .30 .40 .50 .50 .70 .80

APPENDIX E

REGIONAL VICINITY MAP

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DRAWINGS

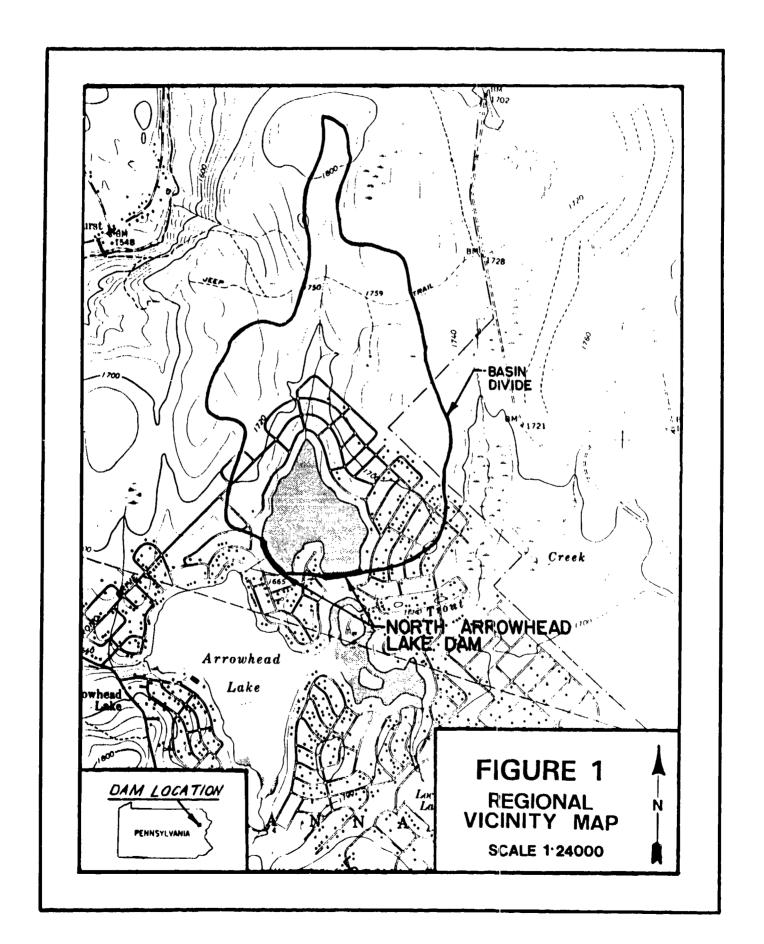
# NORTH ARROWHEAD LAKE DAM

# APPENDIX E

# REGIONAL VICINITY MAP & DRAWINGS

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Sneet
Regional Vicinity Map	1
Design Drawings:	
Location Plan	2
General Plan	3
Embankment Sections - Longitudinal	4
Embankment Cross - Sections	5
Spillway Plan & Details	6
Embankment Drop Gate, Sections & Details	7



NORTH ARROWHEAD LAKE

Monroe County, Penna Coolbough Township.

# LIST OF DRAWINGS

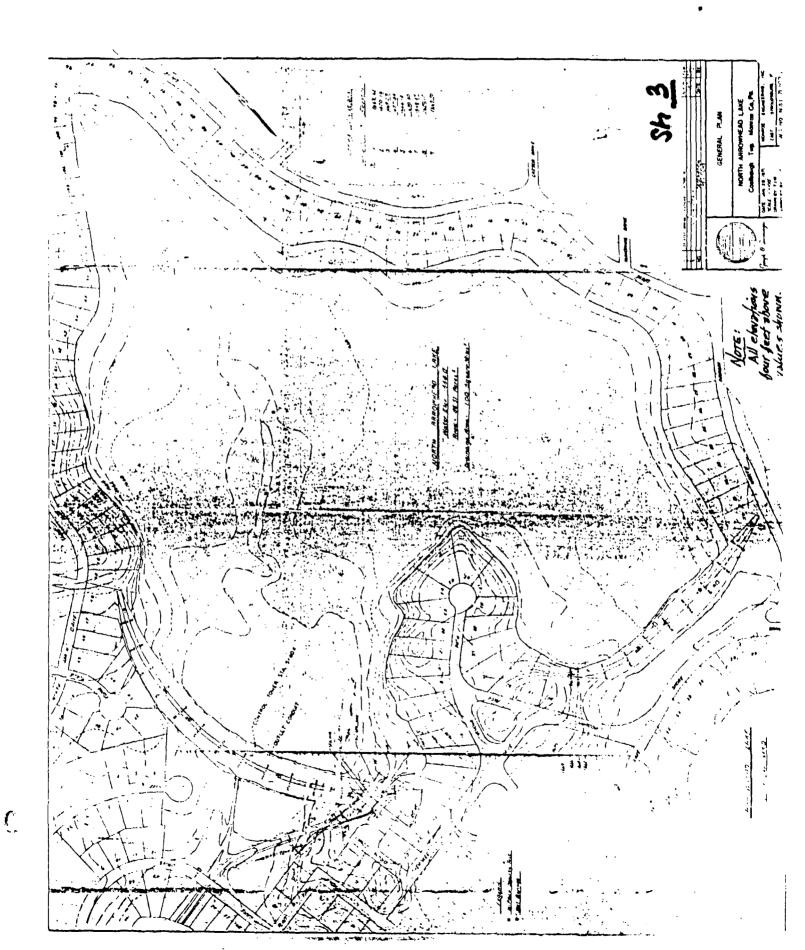
DWG NO	NAL 71-101 E	MAL 71-102 E	NAL 7H03E	NAL 7104E	NAL 71-1050	NAL 71060
IDE	Lecation Plan	General Plan	Embariament Sections - Longitudenal	Embonizment Gross - Sections	Spillway Plan & Details	Embantment Drop Gate, Sactions & Details
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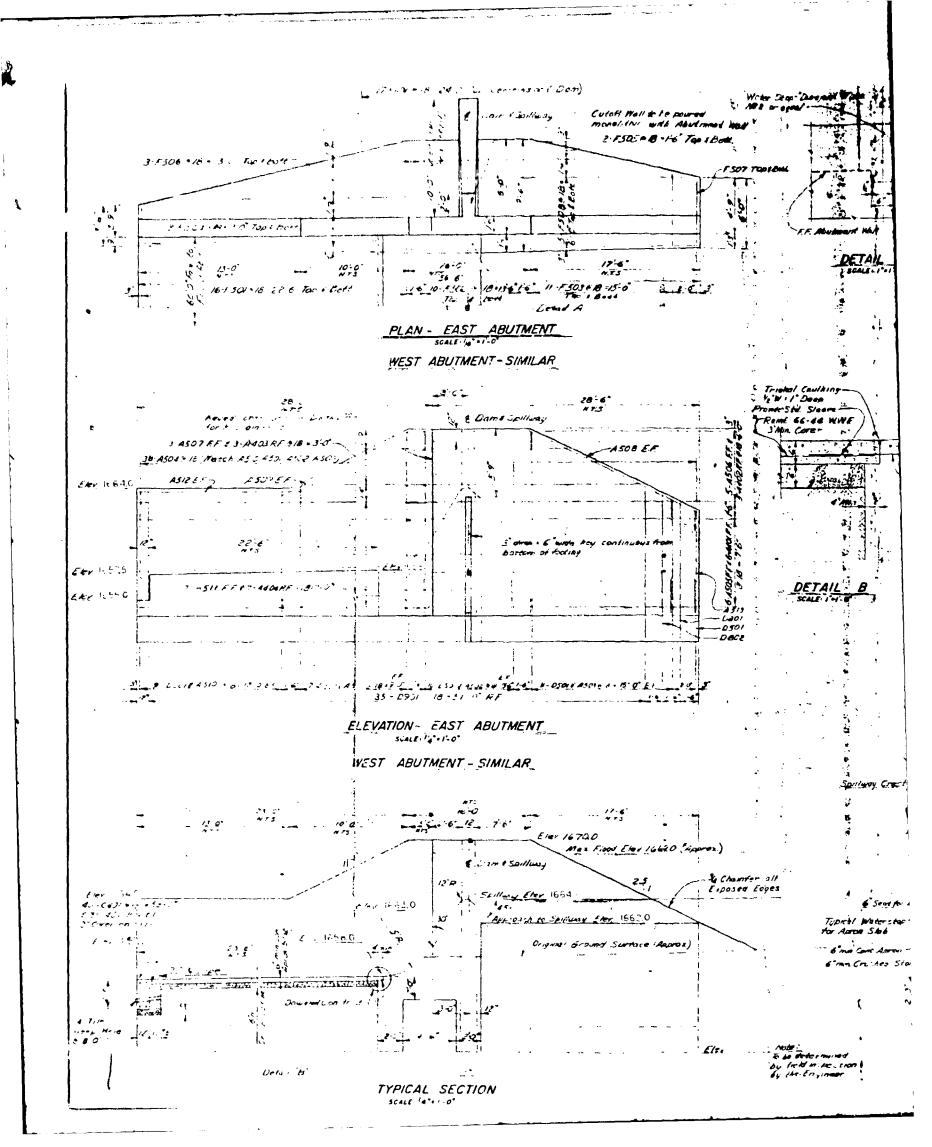
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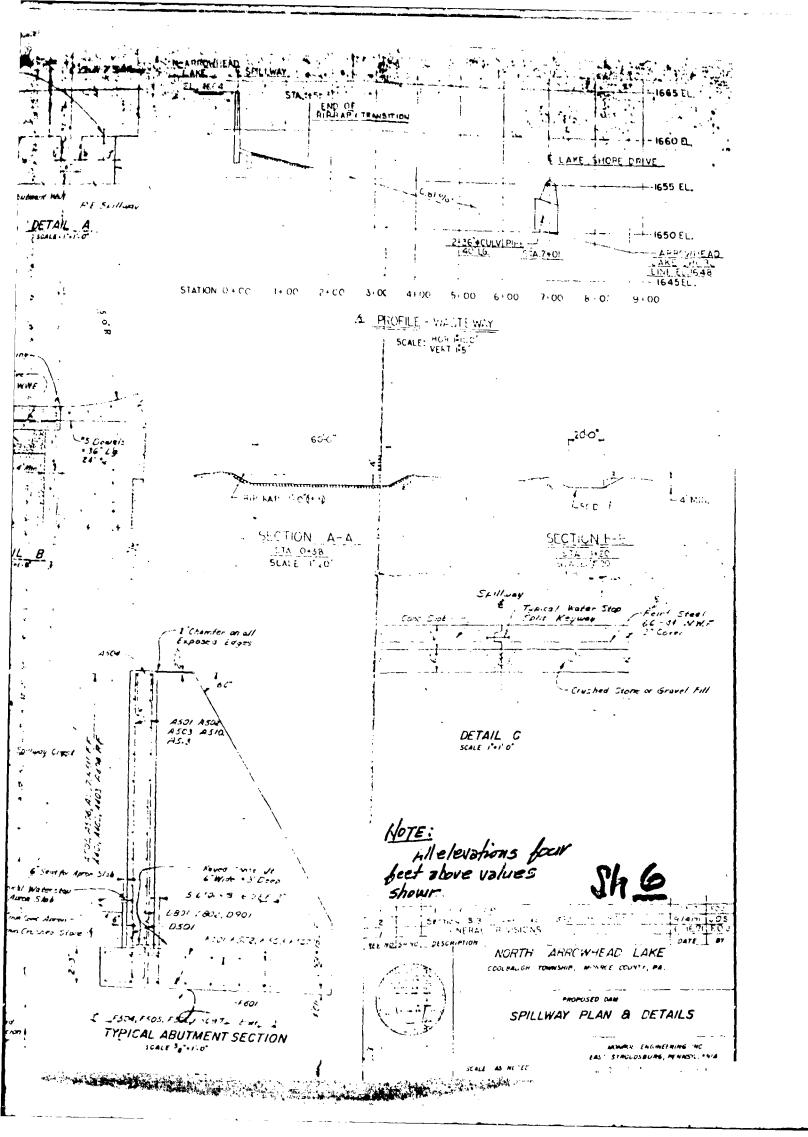
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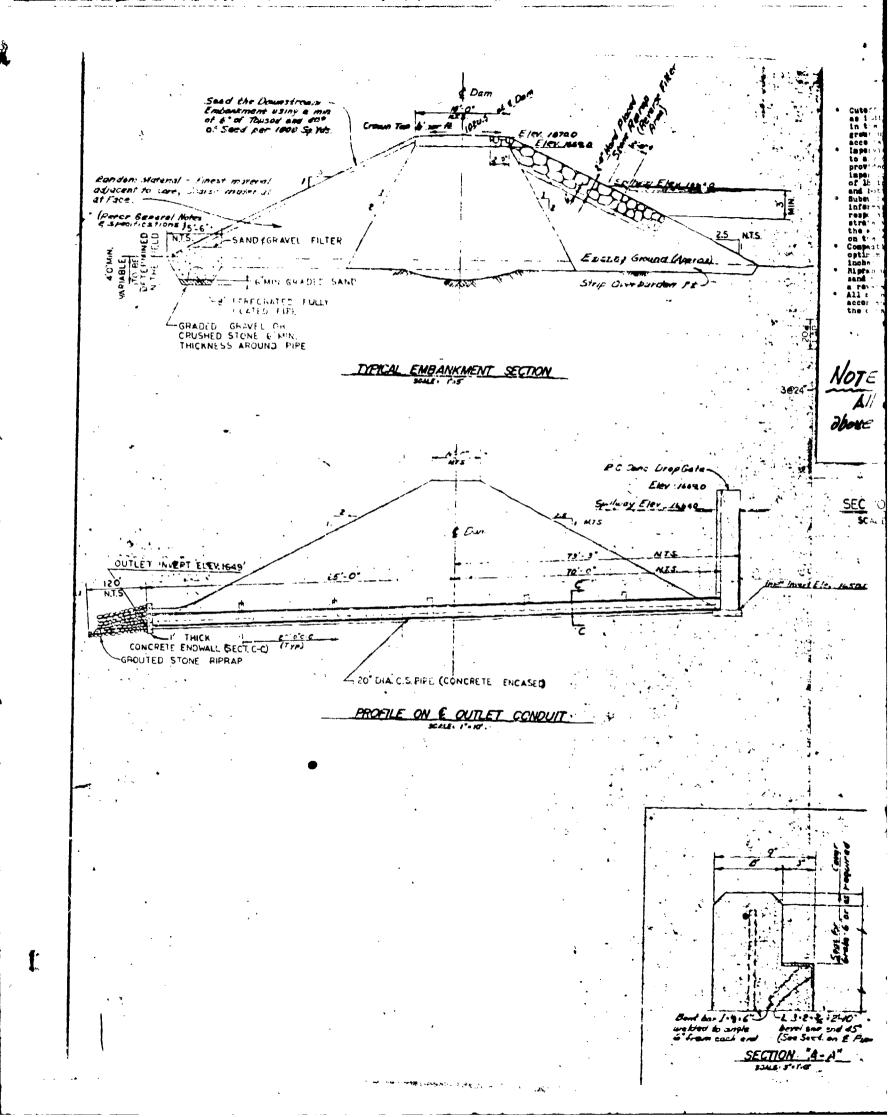


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# CENTAL NOTES & SPECIFICATIONS GENERAL NOTES A SPECIFICATIONS HHEANKH AT All materials and workmanship shall be in accordance with the best current practices of the construction industry. All concrete shall be class A, 3000 PSI minimus compressive strength at 26 days and shall not be leaner than a mixture by volume of one part cement, two parts fine aggregate, and four parts coarse aggregate. Reinforcement hars designed for Fg equals 18,000 PSI. Provide 2½ inches minimum cover on all bars unless otherwise noted except 1½ inches around pipe in backwall. Chamfer exposed concrete edges 1° x 1° unless otherwise noted. The footing may be ordered by the angineer to be at any elevation or of any dimensions necessary to provide a proper foundation. Angles forming flashboard and acreen slots shall be welded together at no less than 18 inch centers by 3/16 inch fillet welds no less than 1/2 inch long. Bent bars welded to angles for anchors shall be kept a minimum of 6 inches from the ends of the angles. Lumber for flashboards shall be of a grade batter than 1700f grade as designated by the National Hardwood lumber Association. Cover grate to be of any design acceptable to the Engineer but shall be such that it can not be resoved by unauthorized persons. Screens to be of a design acceptable to the Engineer, to retain fish and large debris but light enough to be easily removed. Drop gate is symmetrical about center line of pipe. Maximum design foundation pressure is less than are severed former and acceptable to a proper foundation are severed former. DROP GATE Cutoff wall beneath dam shall be of concrete as indicated on the drawings, shall be forzed in the extating material by injection of grout under pressure, or by any means acceptable to the Engineer. Impervious core cutoff trench may be carried to any depth at the contractor's option provided that the cutoff wall is extended to impervious substrata and embedded a minimum of 18 inches in impervious material at top and bottom. and bottom. Subsurface data is given solely for general information and the Angineer assumes no responsibility for its accuracy. Depths of strata vary slong the length of the dam but the approximate maximum depths are as indicated on the "Typical Embandment Section." Compaction shall be made to maximum density at optimum m isture in reyers not exceeding six inches. inches. Riprap upstream surface with fine gravel and sand to protect against wave a liot and provide a reverse filter in case of sudden drawdown. All materials and workmanship shall :e in accordance with the test current practices of the construction industry. Chomfer 2: 41 NOTE : pipe. Maximum design foundation pressure is less than one ton per square foot. Provide manhole steps inside, down one sidewall on 15 inch centers and of a lesign acceptable to the Engineer. 3**@**24\* All elevations four veet m - 4 1 10 64 + above values shown. 7/1 WILLIT DOA PLAN SOME 1/2 - 1-0 Grate-Eler. 149.0 SECTION C-C ٠. B 4.5-246 " 441 . S. 16500 RESIDENCE THE AND UP AND UP AND UNKNOWN PORMI RETURNS ON: \$1252-21 CREOSOTE Panale 1.1 1117 " Exterior Noll Calv uper backwell-Channel cipe permitted . 2102. A 9 4 34 1. DJWA Const. Jt. .. 3 BULE (LOND) 1 Pipe Inveit SECTION ON E FLEVATION attine real S. Bars Is beld bentas shown 1 welded to ull engles 3-0" C-C 13-2-4-12-6" Bevel top end 45" (See Sect on & Pipe) GENERAL REVISIONS 6/16/71 F. Q.J. 1.5 REING SHING DESCRIPTION, NORTH ARROWHEAT LAKE LE +1/2 - 1/4 + 12'- 6" CONSTAURN TOWNSHIP, MORROE COUNTY, PA -Slot for Screen MOPOSED DAL -716 Flashboards L3.21, 4.12-6 EMBANKMENT SECTIONS DROP GATE DETAILS MONTOE ENGINEEMING, INC. SECTION "B-B" EAST STROUGSBURG, PENNSYLVAMA

APPENDIX F
GEOLOGY

## SITE GEOLOGY

### NORTH ARROWHEAD LAKE DAM

North Arrowhead Lake Dam is located in Monroe County (PA) within the Pocono Plateau section of the Appalachian Plateaus physiographic province. The site is underlain by gently northwestward dipping beds of the Devonian Catskill group continental type sedimentary rocks. These consist of red to brown and gray shales, siltstones, sandstones and conglomerates varying from a few inches (flagstones) to several feet or more in thickness. Wisconsin epoch glacial deposits of sand and gravel mantle the rock surface and attain considerable thicknesses along valley floors and side slopes. Some swamp deposits occur where depressions or kettles exist as a result of the isolation and decay of ice during the retreat of the last glacial advance into the area.

No active structural faults are known to exist in the area.

Well developed jointing and fracturing occur in the bedrock units, particulary in the shales and siltstones. The Catskill rocks yield excellent quality groundwater and the formation is considered a fair to good aquifer. Glacial deposits occurring in the valley floor are quite permeable and act as excellent sources of groundwater and recharge to the underlying Catskill group sedimentary units.

CATSKILL FORMATION OF NORTH ARROWHEAD Arrowhead Lake FIGURE 1 DAM LOCATION REGIONAL GEOLOGY MAP SCALE 1.24000